



**Korobebe  
Community  
Disaster Plan**



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## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This Community Disaster Plan was developed through the active participation of the members of the Korobebe Community Disaster Management Committee with guidance from the community based trainers with the Office of the Commissioner Western in collaboration with the Secretariat of the Pacific Community, the National Disaster Management Office, Fiji, and the Ba Provincial Office.

The Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) training and development of the Community Disaster Plan (CDP) were made possible by the generous funding support of the American people through USAID.

## ABBREVIATIONS

CBDRM	Community Based Disaster Risk Management
CCA	Climate Change Adaptation
CDMC	Community Disaster Management Committee
CDP	Community Disaster Plan
DDC/DO	Divisional Disaster Coordinator or District Officer
DISMAC	Disaster Management Committee
DRR	Disaster Risk Reduction
EC	Evacuation Centre
EOC	Emergency Operation Centre
EWS	Early Warning Systems
IDA	Initial Damage Assessments
NDMO	National Disaster Management Office (DISMAC)
PPEES	People, Property, Environment, Economy, Society (Elements at Risk/Vulnerable)
RK	Ration Kit
SAR	Search and Rescue
Sit Rep	Situation Report
SPC	Secretariat of the Pacific Community
TnK	Turaga ni Koro
USAID	United States Agency for International Development

## INTRODUCTION

As experience in both disaster risk reduction (DRR) and climate change adaptation (CCA) increases, there is growing recognition that these two fields share a common focus: reducing the vulnerability of communities and contributing to sustainable development.

The aim of this Community Disaster Plan (CDP) is to provide high-quality support to the Korobebe community during times of major emergencies or disasters, including when such events are reasonably believed to be pending, by maintaining close coordination and planning links with local emergency response organizations on an ongoing basis.

It will be the responsibility of the CDMC Chairman to declare a situation a disaster and activate the disaster and evacuation procedure. A disaster may be classified as a fire, tornado, flood, electricity outage, explosion, bomb threat, hazardous material spill or release, or any other situation warranting evacuation of the community to protect the lives and safety of residents and staff.

A disaster's severity depends on its impact on society and the environment. The scale of the impact in turn depends on the choices we make for our lives and our environment. These choices relate to how we grow our food, where and how we build our homes, what kind of leadership we have, how our financial system works and even what we teach in schools.

Each decision and action can make us more resilient to disasters – or more vulnerable. **Disaster risk reduction is about choices.** Disaster risk reduction is the concept and practice of reducing risks through systematic efforts to analyse and reduce the causal factors of disaster vulnerability. Reducing exposure to hazards, lessening the vulnerability of people and property, managing the land and environment wisely, and improving preparedness and early warning systems for adverse events are all examples of disaster risk reduction.

## KOROBEBE COMMUNITY PROFILE

Korobebe is a village in the district (or Tikina) of Sabeto, which is under the jurisdiction of the District Officer Lautoka/Yasawa and is looked after by the Roko-Nadi in the provincial boundary of service.

The village is flourishing with a total of 56 households and a population of 377 people (35% women, 25% men and 45% children); elderly people make up 4% of the population. Korobebe village is situated at the upper region of the Sabeto Basin, right beneath the Sleeping Giant mount range, and 15 kilometers from the main Sabeto junction towards Lautoka. The village was formerly known as Nadele and the people were relocated to Korobebe after Hurricane Bebe devastated their village in 1972. The name Korobebe was provided by the last Governor of Fiji Sir Robert Foster on 16th May, 1977 the day people of Nadele were relocated to Korobebe. Their main sources of income are root-crops and sugarcane. The nearest medical center is in Nagado Vaturu and the nearest hospital is in Nadi/ Lautoka. Primary and kindergarten schools are situated within the Sabeto boundary.

The people of Korobebe have practiced local ways of coping during negative events for the past 100 years. The vast knowledge that has been passed from generation to generation has helped save and support their livelihoods. But changes to lifestyles and living standards, influenced by foreign concepts, threaten traditional structures and knowledge and they are starting to disappear.

## DISASTER TIME LINE

Records show that from 1972 to 1992, after relocation Korobebe Village has experienced major cyclones and widespread damage on an average of once every 20 years. Droughts occur around every 4 years and cause crop failure and lack of root crops. Flooding is a new event, causing major crop losses and the risk of water-borne disease.

## COMMUNITY DISASTER PLAN

In partnership with the Secretariat of the Pacific Community, Fiji Council of Churches and the National Disaster Management Office (NDMO), Korobebe Village has established a Community Disaster Management Committee (CDMC) following a five-day disaster risk reduction workshop in the village. The training reminded participants of past disasters that caused memorable situations in their lives. It was also effective in promoting planning for future disaster events and increasing awareness of the need for preparedness to reduce risks when disasters occur.

During the training, Korobebe participants selected a committee. The committee put together the Korobebe Community Disaster Risk Reduction Action Plan. By following the plan, the community can prepare for disasters by increasing their resilience, reducing their risk and improving their potential response.

## GOAL

The population of Korobebe Village made safer in the event of a natural disaster.

## PURPOSE

This plan will guide the Community Disaster Management Committee (CDMC) and the population of Korobebe Village in the event of disasters

## METHODOLOGY

This Community Disaster Plan (CDP) has been developed through partnerships between the people of Korobebe Village, SPC, NDMO and church networks. This included the establishment and strengthening of a CDMC, which has received training in participatory DRR. The CDMC developed this CDP with the involvement of the whole village, taking an "All Hazards" approach. This community-based interaction has resulted in the development of hazards maps, vulnerability and capacity assessments, evacuation plans, response arrangements and DRR action plans.

## GUIDING POLICIES AND PRINCIPLES

The following set of principles has been used to guide development of the **Community Disaster Plan**. They are intended to guide its implementation and the ongoing development of the Korobebe Community Disaster Plan:

- **Promote participatory approaches in managing hazards, risks and disasters:** There is a need to empower vulnerable communities to participate in, and be involved in, preparing for disaster situations, response and recovery post disaster.
- **Disaster risk reduction to be inclusive and broad based:** This is an opportunity to move towards gender equity and social inclusion.
- **Building community capacity:** The level of resilience of any community depends on the capacity of the community itself.
- **Community ownership and partnership across all sectors:** Communities must have ownership of disaster risk reduction activities and plans. This is crucial for the success of these activities. Other sectors also need to recognize this principle so that there is partnership across all sectors.
- **Faith-based institutions:** Faith-based institutions are seen as strength in any community when addressing disaster risk reduction initiatives. When faith-based institutions take the lead role in risk reduction activities, people are bound to respect and act upon these plans.

## KOROBEBE COMMUNITY DISASTER PLAN

### Table 1 show:

- known hazards based on historical data
- vulnerability to those hazards
- current capacity to cope
- proposed plans to improve capacity (expanded in DRR Action Plan)

Table 1: Known hazards for Korobebe Village, vulnerability, capacity and associated plans.

Ref No.	HAZARD	ELEMENTS AT RISK	VULNERABILITY (PPEES)	CAPACITY (OUR CURRENT CAPACITY)
1.	Shortage of Water	People, Environment	Very High	Trained CDMC Access to resources, Assistance of TnK and people.
2	Road Condition	People, Environment	High	Trained CDMCs, Accessibility, DO-Lautoka, CWD, Lion One, Sadik Company, TTF,
3	Cyclone	Village, People, property, their economy, and their environment	High	Local knowledge & resources Availability of trained CDMCs
4	Fire	All households use fire for cooking, and mosquito coils & candles occasionally.	High	Accessibility to resources, Trained CDMCs, Supportive community.
5	Poor Sanitation	People, environment, economy	Very High	Trained CDMCs, Supportive community, Accessibility.

### WARNING SYSTEM/ARRANGEMENTS

At-risk communities can obtain information from the ministries and departments responsible for monitoring different types of hazards (Table 2).

Table 2: Official information sources for at-risk communities

Hazard	Information source
Cyclone, flooding	FIJI MET, NDMO
Tsunami	Mineral Resources Dept., NDMO
Sea level rise	Climate Change Unit (MET)
Volcano	Mineral Resources, NDMO
Earthquake	Mineral Resources, NDMO

### Receiving warnings

Communities receive warnings through various means including:

- FBC, Communications Fiji Ltd.
- Fiji Met. Office
- HF Radio (clinics, schools, church centers)
- Police
- Mobile telephones
- Newspapers
- Nature (local early warning systems)
- People

The warning system documented in the plan should guide the committee and community members understand the meaning of the color codes used to indicate different levels of threat.

## KOROBEBE COMMUNITY DISASTER RESPONSE PLAN

POSITION (WHO)	ACTIONS (WHAT) Each level of ALERT must be activated by the CDMC Chairperson or nominated "Person Responsible" (response arrangements)				CHAIN OF COMMAND  REPORTS TO After every task is complete the person responsible must report
	ALERT (BLUE) Hazard event detected in the region as a potential threat	WARNING (YELLOW) Hazard event poses an imminent threat (within 24 hours before striking)	RESPONSE (RED) Hazard event has struck and is in progress	RELIEF & RECOVERY Immediate after the Hazard event has passed	
<b>Chairman or TNK</b>	Initiate Early Warning System by using a hailer. Call meeting of the CDMC Ensure everyone knows what will happen and what to do – mindful that if people are not informed, or are misinformed, they may panic	Coordinate the evacuation of people – the most vulnerable groups to be given priority. Those most vulnerable are; elderly, pregnant mothers, children, and the disabled.	Ensure all people are in an evacuation centre – church buildings, classrooms or other buildings may be used as evacuation centres	Coordinate Initial Damage Assessment (IDA) and liaise with DO Lautoka	Reports to District Officer Lautoka
<b>Leader Men's Group</b>	Check houses for defects in fittings Throw sandbags on top of roofs to strengthen them Cut tree branches Put up shutters	Help with evacuation of the most vulnerable Check all doors to ensure they are locked to prevent looting	Secure Emergency Centre or other buildings used as an evacuation centre	Participate in IDA as required Assist with emergency shelter	Report to chairman of CDMC
<b>Leader Women's Group</b>	Prepare evacuation centre – cleaning, food and water rations, sleeping arrangements (separate sick people, women, children, men, elderly). Prepare to mobilise teams to support welfare Care for vulnerable groups	Ensure clean drinking water and food are available for more than 96 hours Ensure non-food items such as blankets, mats, etc. are available for use in the evacuation centre	Coordinate catering for the evacuation centre Prioritise the needs of breastfeeding mothers and infants	Ensure care for most vulnerable Managing of evacuation centre Check nearby gardens for available foods	Report to chairman of CDMC

## KOROBEBE COMMUNITY DISASTER RESPONSE PLAN (continued)

<b>Leader Youth</b>	Check gardens and bring food to the evacuation centre Move livestock to higher ground Fill containers of water – at least 10 containers to 1 family	Help evacuate the most vulnerable  Assist with carrying water to the evacuation centre  Organise Search & Rescue (SAR) teams; ensure teams are ready and place under the supervision of the Chairperson	Conduct SAR Secure evacuation centre  Assist women in catering for the evacuees at the ECs.	Assist in conducting IDA Support relief assistance	Report to chairman of CDMC
<b>Minister/ Talatala</b>	Ensure church building is ready to host people	Secure church items while the building is being used. Be present at the evacuation centre at all times	Spiritual leadership, and counselling for traumatised members	Liaise with Vakatawa	Reports to CDMC Chairperson
<b>Nurse</b>	Ensure first aid kits are valid, well stocked and available  Advise the Chairperson to contact the DO in the case of pregnant mothers and sick people needing to be transported to hospital for safety before the hazard event strikes	Ensure required medication is available at the evacuation centre	Care for the sick and injured	Refer the most serious cases to hospital Communication link to PDC/ NDMO	Reports to CDMC Chairperson
<b>Protection officers</b>	Prepare village evacuation centres Liaise with village chief and CDMC Chairperson	Ensure evacuation centre is ready to cater for evacuees. Be prepared to show evacuees their space in the evacuation centre. Do a head count of all evacuees	Ensure safety of evacuees at all times. Assist with children, elderly, and others needing assistance at the evacuation centre	Continue to provide protection until all clear is given by the Chairperson & Turaga ni Koro. Assist in returning evacuees to their homes	Reports to CDMC Chairperson

## KOROBEBE VILLAGE DISASTER RISK REDUCTION ACTION PLAN

### For increasing community resilience

No	Objective	Action	By When	By whom Team leader	Resources / Stake holders	Cost Estimate (\$)
1	Reduce the risk of poor sanitation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advise the village meeting.</li> <li>Letter to SPC requesting for "Household refuses management training" – compost etc.</li> </ul>	October, 2013 October, 2013	CDMC Chairperson CDMC Chairperson	CDMC, Vanua. SPC, DO-Lautoka/ Yasawa	Nil. 20.00
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advise the village to plant vudi &amp; bananas around their septic-tanks (land is more fertile)</li> </ul>	November, 2013 (On-going)	CDMC Chairperson	CDMCs & Community	Nil
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advise the community to keep empty cans, tins, corroded items to be used at the up-coming sanitation training</li> </ul>	On-going	CDMC Chairperson	CDMCs & Community	Nil
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Organize village cleaning-up monthly</li> <li>Facilitate and replicate all training techniques in house refuses management.</li> </ul>	On-going Ongoing	CDMC Chairperson CDMC Chairperson	CDMCs & Community SPC & Partners, FCC-Trainers, DO-Lautoka/ Yasawa	Nil 300.00
2	Reduce the risk of fire & burning in the community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Address it at the village meeting</li> <li>Awareness training on fire management:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Letter requesting Fire Authority to assist in awareness training, fire management and flooding</li> <li>Training</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	October, 2013 November, 2013 December, 2013	CDMC Chairperson CDMC Chairperson CDMC Chairperson	Community, CDMCs NFA, DO Lautoka, CWD, SPC Community, NFA, Do-Lautoka, SPC NFA, DO-Lautoka/ Yasawa	Nil 20.00 300.00
		<p><b>On-going Awareness to the community:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Continually advise the community on the risk of un-supervise &amp; un-necessary burning and the side-effects</li> </ul>	On-going	CDMC Chairperson	Community, CDMCs	Nil
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advise households of the importance of having fire extinguishers in their homes</li> </ul>	On-going	CDMC Chairperson	Community, CDMCs	Nil

## KOROBEBE VILLAGE DISASTER RISK REDUCTION ACTION PLAN (continued)

### For increasing community resilience

No	Objective	Action	By When	By whom Team leader	Resources / Stake holders	Cost Estimate (\$)
3	To minimize the risk of cyclone in the village	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advise the village council in the village meeting</li> <li>Coordinate the youths to get sand bags for every houses</li> </ul>	October, 2013	CDMC Chairperson	CDMCs	Nil
			October, 2013	CDMC Chairperson	CDMCs, Youths	20.00
		<p><b>Community awareness on:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Build strong structure houses in future with recommended plans from Commissioner West Office.</li> <li>Know what to do in the event of a cyclone</li> <li>Know the history of area</li> </ul>	Ongoing	CDMC Chairperson	DOLY, CWD, CDMCs	Unknown
4	Reduce water shortage in the community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Address it the Bose-vakoro</li> </ul>	October, 2013	CDMC Chairperson	Elders, community	Nil
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Write a letter to DO-Lautoka requesting the survey of a new water source</li> </ul>	October, 2013	CDMC Chairperson	DO-Lautoka/ Yasawa, CWD, Water Authority SPC	20.00
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arrange for a Tau-Soli in the community as a community contribution.</li> </ul>	November, 2013	CDMC Chairperson	Elders & community	Nil
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tau-soli Day</li> </ul>	December, 2013	CDMC Chairperson	Elders, community members in the village & those at work	5,000.00
		<p>NB: If the elders disagree:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A letter to the DO-Lautoka/ Yasawa requesting the importance of Water Authority speeding up their work in transferring water source from Nagado as there is no other source in the village</li> </ul>	Oct, 2013	CDMC Chairperson	DO-Lautoka, CWD, Water Authority, SPC, FCC	20.00

## KOROBEBE VILLAGE DISASTER RISK REDUCTION ACTION PLAN (continued)

### For increasing community resilience

No	Objective	Action	By When	By whom Team leader	Resources / Stake holders	Cost Estimate (\$)
5	Reduce bad road condition during rainy weather	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advise at the Bose-Vakoro</li> </ul>	October, 2013	Chairman	Bose vakoro	Nil
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Write a letter to the DO-Lautoka regarding the issue &amp; copy to all Companies that are doing business in our community</li> </ul>	October, 2013	As above	DO-Lautoka, Lion One, Sadik & Co, TTF, SPC	20.00
6	Reduce rock & stones extraction from the river	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advise the Bose-Vakoro</li> </ul>	October, 2013	Chairman	Bose vakoro	Nil
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advise the landowners of the risk in over-extracting rocks &amp; stones from our river</li> </ul>	October, 2013	As above	Landowners	Nil
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A letter of concern to the DO-Lautoka</li> </ul>	November, 2013	As above	DO-Lautoka, CWD, SPC, Sadik & Co, Roko tui Ba	20.00
7	Food Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Training opportunities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nursery management,</li> <li>Vegetable, crops seedling transplanting,</li> <li>Management of climate ready collection,</li> <li>Poultry and piggery farming.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	October, 2013		SPC, MPI	

## KOROBEBE VILLAGE RISK MAP

(High risk areas indicated with red squares)



## KOROBEBE CDMC CONTACT DIRECTORY

Role	Name	Contact	Position
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Conduct training and awareness at provincial and community level</li> <li>Disseminate public education materials to the community</li> <li>Develop a village disaster plan and operating procedures</li> <li>Develop a village assessment and relief coordination mechanism</li> <li>Identify and document provincial safety/ evacuation points</li> <li>Information dissemination</li> <li>Liaise with community disaster committee</li> <li>Report to National Disaster Management Office</li> </ul>	Miriama Mole	9720108	Chairperson
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Liaise with District Officer</li> <li>Disseminate warnings and community alerts</li> <li>Monitor community preparedness for specific threat</li> </ul>	Tevita Kubu	9489085	Men's Group Leader

## KOROBEBE CDMC CONTACT DIRECTORY (continued)

Role	Name	Contact	Position
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Damage assessment</li> <li>Assist Protection officers / relief assistance</li> </ul>	Merewairita Nai	9489085	Youth Group
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Damage assessment</li> <li>Relief assistance</li> <li>Assist village members who need help (elderly, children, disabled, injured, etc.) to move to evacuation points</li> </ul>	Luisa Naqiri	7819365	Secretary
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assist village members who need help (elderly, children, disabled, injured, etc.) to move to evacuation points</li> </ul>	Vero Naivalu	9318923	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Manage safety of evacuation centre</li> <li>Assist Protection officers</li> <li>Trauma management counseling for victims</li> </ul>	Alesi Taliga	8754546 Or 9732398	Women's Group Leader
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check on the validity and stocks of first aid kits</li> <li>First Aid and care of victims</li> <li>Communication link to PDC/ NDMO</li> <li>Assist in drafting/ preparing situation report</li> <li>Damage assessment</li> <li>Conduct safety simulation exercises for schools twice a year</li> <li>Relief assistance</li> </ul>	Nanise Tokalauvere	9064229	Village Nurse
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Damage assessment</li> <li>Trauma management counseling for victims</li> <li>Assist village members who need help (elderly, children, disabled, injured, etc.) to move to evacuation points</li> </ul>			Protection Officers

## ROLES OF AGENCIES/ ORGANISATIONS

Agency/ Organisation	Role
<b>1. Ba Provincial Office</b>	Consolidating the Vanua (traditional state) of Ba (which includes Sabeto).
<b>2. Commissioner Western</b>	General administration of the district and Head of DISMAC operations during a natural disaster.
<b>3. DISMAC</b>	Facilitation of relief and emergency responses for the general population following disasters.
<b>4. District Officer Lautoka/ Yasawa</b>	Head of development and disaster management in the district of Lautoka/ Yasawa and focal contact for Sabeto Community Disaster Management Committees.
<b>5. Fiji National Fire Authority</b>	Disaster risk reduction partners in providing services in the areas of fire: fire training and awareness; and rescue in flood/ fire events.
<b>6. Fiji Police Force</b>	Safety and security of people in evacuation centres during disasters.
<b>7. Fiji Water Authority</b>	Effective and efficient delivery of safe drinking water and wastewater services to communities.
<b>8. National Disaster Management Office</b>	Dissemination of information about disasters before, during and after events, and awareness raising.
<b>9. Secretariat of the Pacific Community</b>	International organization responsible for implementing the USAID project, <i>Vegetation and Land Cover Mapping and Improving Food Security for Building Resilience to Changing Climate in the Pacific Island Communities</i> (Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa, Solomon, Tonga and Vanuatu).
<b>10. USAID</b>	Coordination and funding of DRR activities in Sabeto communities.

## DISASTER TOOLKIT - EQUIPMENT LIST

Toolkits	Quantity
Safety helmet	15
Reflector vest	15
Safety glasses	15
Utility gloves	15
Life jacket	5
Whistles	15
Gumboots	15
First aid kit	1
Ropes	x 50 m
Loud speaker	1

## DISTRIBUTION LIST FOR CDPS

Name	Organisation	Copies
Ms Ruth Atu District Officer/ Lautoka Yasawa	Provincial Council	1
Mr Joeli Cawaki Commissioner West	Provincial Council	1
Community Disaster Management Committee (CDMC)	Korobebe	2

## THIS COMMUNITY DISASTER PLAN WILL BE UPDATED ANNUALLY BY:

Ref No.	Name	Position in the Village	Signature
1			
2			
3			

## ENDORSEMENT

This Community Disaster Plan was endorsed at \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ by:

\_\_\_\_\_  
CDMC Chairman

\_\_\_\_\_  
District Officer/LY

## ANNEX 1

COLOUR CODES	CYCLONE/ SEVERE STORM - FEATURES/CHARACTERISTICS
<b>BLUE (ALERT)</b>	<b>CYCLONE ALERT</b> - linked to stage one - Readiness: Issued when a developing depression or tropical cyclone is close to the Fiji Islands. Gale force winds are not expected within 24 hours but may occur within 48 hours. Issued every six hours.
<b>YELLOW (WARNING)</b>	<b>GALE WARNING</b> - Linked to Stage one - Readiness: Issued when mean wind speeds are expected to gale force intensity (34 - 47 Knots) within the next 24 hours (issued every six hours) <b>STORM WARNING</b> - linked to stage two - Standby (issued every three hours) Issued when mean wind speeds are expected to reach storm force intensity (48 - 63 Knots) within the next 24 hours)
<b>RED (RESPONSE)</b>	<b>CYCLONE WARNING</b> - Linked to stage three - Activation (issued every three hours increasing to hourly as the threat increases). Issued when mean wind speeds are expected to exceed 64 Knots within the next 12 hours.

NB There will be warnings given to communities for "slow onset" disasters such as tropical cyclones, droughts, etc. while there will be little time for a warning or no warning given to communities for "sudden onset" disasters such as earthquake, flash-flooding, etc.

COLOUR CODES	FLOODING/STORM SURGE- FEATURES/CHARACTERISTICS
<b>BLUE (ALERT)</b> May occur within 24 hours	
<b>YELLOW (WARNING)</b> Likely within 12 hours	<b>HEAVY RAIN WARNING</b> <b>FLOODING</b> likely in next 12 hours. <b>HEAVY SEAS/SWELLS WARNING</b> - high waves likely in next 12 hours. <b>TAKE ACTION</b> to secure property, gardens and boats.
<b>RED (RESPONSE)</b> Imminent within 3-12 hours	<b>HEAVY RAIN WARNING</b> <b>FLOODING</b> expected within 3-12 hours. <b>HEAVY SEAS /SWELLS WARNING</b> - Large waves (2 METRES+) expected within 3-12 hours. <b>Complete preparations urgently and move to higher ground or secure place NOW.</b>

## ANNEX 1 (continued)

WARNING CODES	TSUNAMI-FEATURES/CHARACTERISTICS
<b>YELLOW WATCH</b>	<b>TSUNAMI WATCH</b> A Tsunami is possible- it is more than 3 hours away. Updates will follow Secure property and boats. <b>PREPARE</b> to evacuate to higher ground.
<b>RED WARNING</b>	<b>TSUNAMI WARNING</b> There is the threat of a Tsunami occurring within 3 hours. <b>MOVE NOW TO HIGHER GROUND.</b> The warning will indicate expected arrival time. Waves may occur for another hour. Channels and exposed coastal areas may have turbulence for several hours.
<b>EARTHQUAKE Occurs in your area</b>	<b>NOTE:</b> If unusual sea movements occur following an earthquake run to higher ground as fast as you can, <b>DO NOT WAIT</b> , you may have less than five (5) minutes to save your life.
<b>NO WARNING</b>	







This document has been produced with assistance of the Fiji Government, SPC and USAID.

The views expressed herein can in no way be taken to reflect the official opinion of USAID.  
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